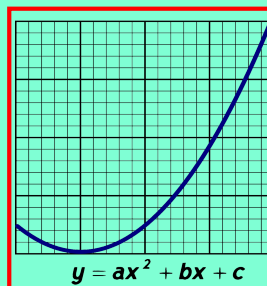


Math 125  
Spring 2021  
Lecture 7



Class QZ 6

$$f(x) = 4x - 3 \quad g(x) = x + 5$$

$$\begin{aligned} 1) (f+g)(x) &= f(x) + g(x) \\ &= 4x - 3 + x + 5 \\ &= \boxed{5x + 2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 3) (f \cdot g)(x) &= f(x) \cdot g(x) \\ &= (4x - 3)(x + 5) \\ &= 4x^2 + 20x - 3x - 15 \\ &= \boxed{4x^2 + 17x - 15} \end{aligned}$$

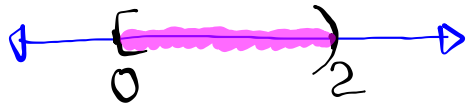
$$\begin{aligned} 2) (f-g)(x) &= f(x) - g(x) \\ &= 4x - 3 - (x + 5) \\ &= 4x - 3 - x - 5 \\ &= \boxed{3x - 8} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4) \left(\frac{f}{g}\right)(x) &= \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} ; g(x) \neq 0 \\ &= \frac{4x - 3}{x + 5} \quad \begin{array}{l} x + 5 \neq 0 \\ x \neq -5 \end{array} \end{aligned}$$

Solve  $-6 < -4x + 2 \leq 2$

$$-6 - 2 < -4x + 2 - 2 \leq 2 - 2$$

$$-8 < -4x \leq 0$$



S.B.N.  $\{x \mid 0 \leq x < 2\}$

I.N.  $[0, 2)$

$$\frac{-8}{-4} > \frac{-4}{-4}x \geq \frac{0}{-4}$$

$$2 > x \geq 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \leq x < 2 \quad \checkmark$$

$$A = \{3, 4, 5, 6\} \quad B = \{5, 7, 8, 9\}$$

Find

1)  $A \cup B$

$$= \{3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9\}$$

2)  $A \cap B$

$$= \{5\}$$

Given  $f(x) = -x^2 + 64$

3)  $f(-8)$

Find:

$$1) f(0) = -(0)^2 + 64 \\ = \boxed{64}$$

$$2) f(8) \\ = -(8)^2 + 64$$

$$= -64 + 64$$

$$= \boxed{0}$$

$$= -(-8)^2 + 64 \\ = -64 + 64 \\ = \boxed{0}$$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x^3 & ; x < 0 \\ \sqrt{x} & ; x \geq 0 \end{cases}$$

Find

1)  $f(-2) = -(-2)^3 = -(-8) = 8$   
 $= \boxed{8}$

2)  $f(0) = \sqrt{0} = 0$   
 $= \boxed{0}$

3)  $f(100) = \sqrt{100} = 10$   
 $= \boxed{10}$

Find the domain:

1)  $f(x) = \frac{8}{x}$   
 $x \neq 0$   
 $(-\infty, 0) \cup (0, \infty)$

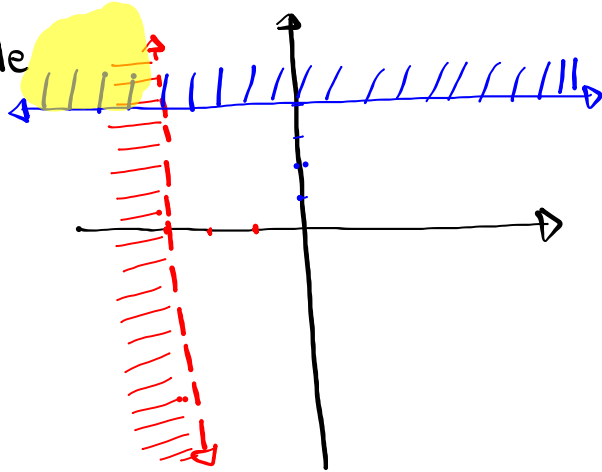
2)  $f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x-1}$   
 $x-1 \neq 0$   $x \neq 1$   
 $(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

3)  $f(x) = \frac{x^2}{x+6}$   
 $x+6 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -6$   
 $(-\infty, -6) \cup (-6, \infty)$

4)  $f(x) = \frac{-10}{x^2-36}$   
 $x^2-36 \neq 0$   $x^2 \neq 36$   
 $x \neq \pm 6$   
 $(-\infty, -6) \cup (-6, 6) \cup (6, \infty)$   
 $\{x \mid x \neq \pm 6\}$   
 $\{x \mid x < -6 \text{ or } -6 < x < 6, \text{ or } x > 6\}$

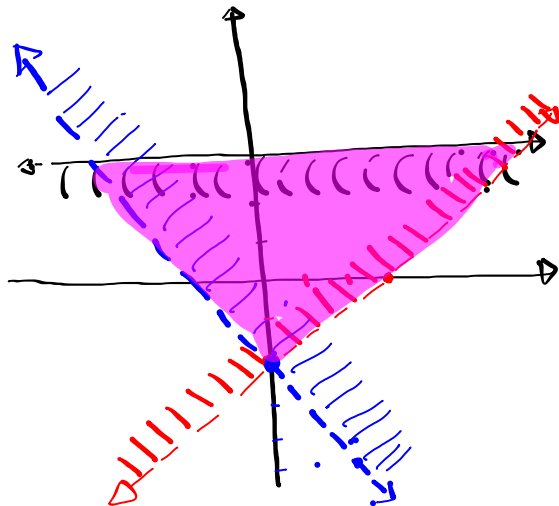
Graph &amp; shade

$$\begin{cases} x < -3 \\ y \geq 4 \end{cases}$$



Graph &amp; Shade

$$\begin{cases} y \leq 3 \\ y > \frac{2}{3}x - 2 \\ y > \frac{-3}{2}x - 2 \end{cases}$$

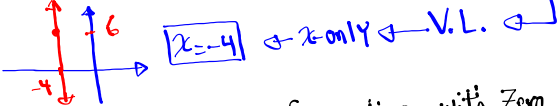


Horizontal line  $\Leftrightarrow$  y-only  $\Leftrightarrow$   $y=b$   
Zero Slope

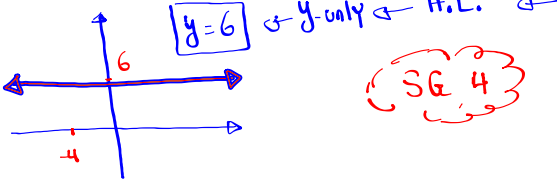
Vertical line  $\Leftrightarrow$  x-only  $\Leftrightarrow$   $x=a$   
No Slope  
Undefined Slope

Consider the Point A (-4,6)

1) Find equation of a line with no slope.



2) Find equation of a line with Zero Slope.



Solve  $|5x - 3| = 7$

Solve  $|ax + b| = k$

No solution when  $k < 0$

otherwise  $ax + b = k$  OR  $ax + b = -k$

Solve  $5x - 3 = 7$  OR  $5x - 3 = -7$

$5x = 10$  OR  $5x = -4$

$x = 2$  OR  $x = -\frac{4}{5}$

$\left\{ -\frac{4}{5}, 2 \right\}$

Solve  $|3x+4| - 2 = 8$

$|3x+4| = 10$  ✓

Solve  $3x+4=10$  OR  $3x+4=-10$

$3x=6$  OR  $3x=-14$

$x=2$  OR  $x=-\frac{14}{3}$

Hint: Isolate abs. Value.

$\left\{-\frac{14}{3}, 2\right\}$

Solve  $-2|x+8| - 3 = 5$

$-2|x+8| = 8$

Product

$\frac{-2}{-2}|x+8| = \frac{8}{-2}$

$|x+8| = -4$

Hint: Isolate abs. Value First.

No Solution  $\{ \}$

~~$\{ \emptyset \}$~~

No Solution  $\emptyset$

- 1) Exam 1: One week from Monday
- 1) Camera ON
  - 2) Mic ON
  - 3) I must confirm your exam before you leave.
  - 4) Exam, then Lecture.
  - 5) SG 1-6

Pick up the Pace

Abs. Value Inequalities  $k > 0$

$$|ax+b| < k, |ax+b| \leq k$$

$$|ax+b| > k, |ax+b| \geq k$$

- 1) Isolate the abs. value.
- 2) Solve  $|ax+b|=k$
- 3) Place your solutions on the number line system.
- 4) For  $|ax+b| < k, |ax+b| \leq k$   
Shade between
- For  $|ax+b| > k, |ax+b| \geq k$   
Shade outside
- 5) Be prepared to give final ans in S.B.N. or I.N.

Solve  $|2x-1| \leq 5$

Solve  $|2x-1|=5$

$$2x-1=5$$

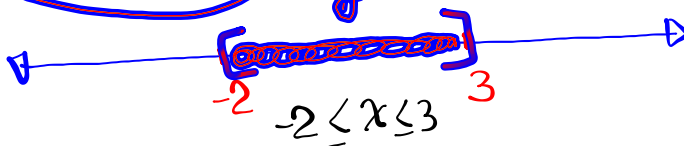
$$2x=6$$

$$x=3$$

$$2x-1=-5$$

$$2x=-4$$

$$x=-2$$



S.B.N.  $\{x | -2 \leq x \leq 3\}$

I.N.  $[-2, 3]$

Solve  $|x+3| - 2 > 4$

$$|x+3| > 6$$

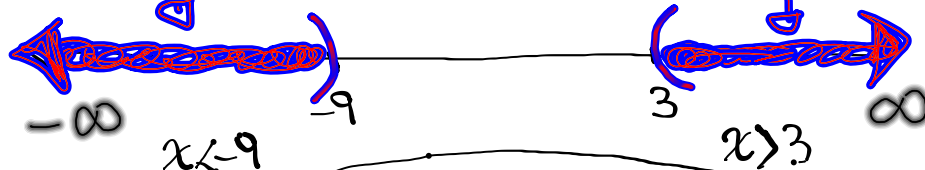
Solve  $|x+3|=6$

$$x+3=6$$

$$x=3$$

OR  $x+3=-6$

$$x=-9$$



S.B.N.  $\{x | x < -9 \text{ or } x > 3\}$

I.N.  $(-\infty, -9) \cup (3, \infty)$



Solve  $-2|2x+3|+5 \leq 1$  Hint: Always isolate Abs. Value

$$-2|2x+3| \leq -4$$

$$\frac{-2}{-2}|2x+3| \geq \frac{-4}{-2} \Rightarrow |2x+3| \geq 2$$

Solve  $|2x+3|=2$

$2x+3=2$   
 $2x=-1$   
 $x=-\frac{1}{2}$

$2x+3=-2$   
 $2x=-5$   
 $x=-\frac{5}{2}$

S.B.N.:  $\{x \mid x \leq -\frac{5}{2} \text{ OR } x \geq \frac{1}{2}\}$

I.N.:  $(-\infty, -\frac{5}{2}] \cup [\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$

### Solving inequalities with OR

- 1) Solve & Graph on the same number line system.
- 2) Final answer is whatever shaded.

Solve  $3x-1 \leq 8$       OR       $-2x+7 < -13$

$$3x \leq 9$$

$$x \leq 3$$

$$-2x < -20$$

$$x > 10$$

S.B.N.  $\{x \mid x \leq 3 \text{ OR } x > 10\}$       I.N.  $(-\infty, 3] \cup (10, \infty)$

Solving inequalities with AND:

- 1) Graph & Shade on the Same number line System.
- 2) Final answer is the overlapping Shaded Segment

Solve  $-2x - 8 > 10$  AND  $4x + 8 \geq 60$

$$-2x > 18$$

$$\frac{-2}{-2}x < \frac{18}{-2}$$

$$x < -9$$

$$4x \geq 52$$

$$x \geq \frac{52}{4}$$

$$x \geq 13$$



overlap

NO OVER lap

No Solution

$\emptyset$

$\{ \}$

Solve  $|3x - 7| > -10$

0 or +

All Real numbers

$\mathbb{R}$

$(-\infty, \infty)$

Solve  $|5x + 3| < -8$

0 or +

$\emptyset$

$\{ \}$

No Solution

Class QZ 7

① Graph and Shade

$$\begin{cases} y > -2 \\ y \leq \frac{-3}{4}x + 3 \end{cases}$$

② Solve

$$|2x-7| = |x-8|$$